CLOSED SHELF

The People's Korea

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Marshal KIM IL SUNG, Great Leader, Indicates Road for Peoples of World to Follow

Over the past 40 years and more from the time when he set out on a revolutionary struggle up to now, Marshal Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader of the 40 million Korean people, great Marxist-Leninist of our time and genius revolutionary strategist, has led the Korean people along the glorious and victorious road and has made an outstanding contribution to the international communist movement and the development of the world revolution, by creatively solving all the problems presented in the revolution and construction from the standpoint of *Juche*.

A number of revolutionaries and revolutionary peoples in the world are expressing their boundless adoration, reverence and absolute trust to Marshal Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the Korean people, paying the highest tribute of praise to him.

Delegations from various countries in five continents, who attended to the 15th World Conference against A-H Bombs held in Japan in this summer, expressed as follows their adoration and respect for Marshal Kim Il Sung.

Lofty Virtues of Marshal KIM IL SUNG

Mrs. Esther Brinch, delegate from Denmark, who visited Pyongyang last year to attend the Central Celebration of the 20th Anniversary of the Founding of the DPRK and met Marshal Kim Il Sung, the great Leader, said as follows:

"Marshal Kim Il Sung is, indeed, an incomparably great leader among the leaders of all countries. He is excellent from every point of view. He is a dignified, ardent liberator and encourager of the people. And, also, he is a benevolent and considerate leader who speaks very persuasively."

Another **delegate, Mr. Jose Molina Maurue of Cuba,** pointed out:

"Functionaries of our country are studying hard works of Marshal Kim Il Sung.

Everything is a very precious experience for us such as socialist construction, results in industry and agriculture, consolidation of defence buildup, wise lines for the South Korean revolution and for the unification of the fatherland, and a firm stand on the international communist movement and the world revolution."

The delegate, Dr. Ibrahim Sakr of the United Arab Republic, said:

"Marshal Kim Il Sung is a great leader. The following three points may be cited here about his greatness.

First, he led the Korean revolution to victory by organizing and waging anti-Japanese armed struggles in the 1930's. This struggle—struggle of the highest form of struggle at that time, was closely linked with the world-wide anti-fascist struggle.

Secondly, he won a great victory in the Fatherland Liberation War by defeating the U.S. imperialist aggressor troops.

Lastly, he is achieving tremendous successes in the construction of the highest and complete socialism, faster and faster at Chullima speed, by inspiring the people.

We have to learn much from the brilliant history traversed by Marshal Kim Il Sung."

There were not the only persons that expressed their ardent respect, infinite reverence and adoration to Marshal Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader.

Development of Socialist Construction on Basis of Great "Juche" Ideas

Paying unbounded respect to Korea for the revolution and construction, especially for its great socialist system and socialist construction under the wise leadership of Marshal Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, delegations from various countries to the 15th anti-A-H bomb world meeting stressed his great revolutionary ideas, the ideas of *Juche*, which creatively developed Marxism-Leninism.

Mrs. Esther Brinch said:

"Marshal Kim Il Sung restored and constructed the country, building everything when there was nothing at all to start with after the war.

He carried out the gasification of anthracite and created vinalon and so on for the people, thus bringing to them today's shining Republic.

He gave the people in all walks of life including scientists, correct teachings; he, as the inspirer of the people, encouraged all the people in their work for socialist construction.

It is only due to the correct leadership of the great Leader Marshal Kim Il Sung that the construction of the country is being carried out with success, apart from the fact that the people themselves are directly taking part in the construction work.

He has built Korea beautifully. Schools, theatres, museums, the National Assembly Hall and creches, etc. have, indeed, been splendidly built up."

Mr. Luigi Cavalieri, an Italian delegate, who visited the DPRK in 1952 as assistant leader of the Investigation Committee of the U.S. Imperialist War Crimes in Korea, pointed out:

"What a powerful working struggle the people of the northern half of the Republic carried out during the war!

I saw workers, farmers, youths and students working vigorously even on ground, underground and in the countryside.

I was deeply moved by the scene. The Korean people have a really enormous power and courage."

Speaking about the question of Korea's unification, the unanimous desire of all the Korean people, he said as follows:

"It is because of their desire to unify their fatherland that the people of the northern part of the Republic are promoting socialist construction, following the wise leadership of Marshal Kim Il Sung.

I am sure Korea will be unified under the leadership of Marshal Kim Il Sung and under the socialist system.

Though Korea is now divided, it will be unified without fail.

The Korean people is a single nation.

The heinous U.S. imperialist policy of invading small countries, splitting countries and especially countries in Asia, is obstructing the national unification of Korea. The U.S. imperialists have been a sworn enemy of the Korean people for the past 100 years.

However, U.S. imperialism, now defeated in Vietnam, will certainly be driven out of South Korea next time.

Moreover, the revolutionary situation of South Korea is changing rapidly. Comrade Kim Jong Tai, a revolutionary fighter faithful to the end to Marshal Kim Il Sung, was barbarously murdered by the U.S. imperialists and the South Korean puppet clique. But we must follow his high example and struggle to the end. The Korean people have a really large number of good fighters."

Successes Achieved by Koreans Here under Warm Care of Leader

Foreign delegates directly saw and were deeply moved by successes attained by CHONGRYUN (the General Association of Korean Residents in Japan) and Korean citizens in Japan under the fatherly love and warm solicitude of Marshal Kim Il Sung, the great Leader.

Mr. Ross Masood (Pakistan), leader of the delegation of OSPAAAL (Organization of Solidarity of the Peoples of Asia, Africa and Latin America), said: "I think it is because of the warm care of Marshal Kim Il Sung and the Democratic People's Republic of Korea that CHONGRYUN has a university and "banks" and carries out patriotic work in a foreign country."

Mr. Pedro Caro, delegate from the Dominican Republic, commented: "The Korean citizens who live in Japan under the leadership of Marshal Kim Il Sung are the happiest overseas citizens. It is quite natural that you are struggling to defend your rights to residence and all your democratic, national rights, and we extend ardent support and encouragement to you."

Outstanding Lines of Anti-Imperialist, Anti-U.S. Struggle

Marshal Kim Il Sung, the outstanding revolutionary Leader and genius strategist, generalizes his rich experiences in the anti-imperialist, anti-U.S. struggle which has personally led for a long time, puts forth the most correct strategic and tactical lines for the anti-imperialist, anti-U.S. struggle of peoples of the world and for the national liberation struggle of the peoples of the colonial countries by full analyzing the present-time characteristics and the revolutionary movements of the world, and indicates a correct way to final victory.

Mr. Santiago Frayle, leader of the delegation of the Republic of Cuba, said as follows:

"The history of revolutionary struggles of the Korean people contains rich and powerful experience for our Cuban people.

The Cuban revolutionaries know well that their excellent heroism and heroic struggles of the Korean people scored a brilliant victory in the country's liberation and that the Korean people waged fierce anti-Japanese armed struggles under the leadership of Marshal Kim Il Sung and fought bravely in the war provoked by the aggressive U.S. imperialists in 1950 after the Liberation.

We can not repress our feelings of boundless adoration for Marshal Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the Korean people, who upholds the revolutionary stand, indicates the judgment and strategy on mutilating the U.S. imperialists, and pay great respects to these struggles.

The strategy on mutilating the U.S. imperialists clarified by Marshal Kim Il Sung is a revolutionary weapon for peoples the world over as an embodiment of his ideas of *Juche* based on the experience of the Korean people in their revolutionary struggles. Therefore, it is a source of inspiration and strength to the revolutionary and anti-imperialist fighters throughout the world."

Mr. Jean Baptiste Boali, delegate from the Congo (B) said:

"Comrade Kim Il Sung has clearly proved to the whole world the thorough-going anti-imperialist stand of Korea by defeating Japanese imperialism and U.S. imperialism, and the recent incidents of the spy ship 'Pueblo' and the large-size spy plane 'EC-121' have proved that the heroic strength of the Korean people is invincible.

The strategy on mutilating U.S. imperialism made clear in the historic report of Comrade Kim Il Sung at the Celebration of the 20th Anniversary of the Founding of the DPRK, is of great significance.

If peoples the world over mutilate

(Continued on page 3)

Education Aid Fund and Stipends Again Sent to Koreans in Japan

The Workers' Party of Korea, the Government of the Republic and Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader of the 40 million Korean people, again entrusted the Korean Committee for the Relief of Overseas Compatriots with the remittance of educational aid fund and stipends to the Central Educational Association of Koreans in Japan for the democratic, national education of the children of compatriots in Japan.

The Central Committee of the Korean Red Cross Society, at the request of the Korean Committee for the Relief of Overseas Compatriots, sent recently 298,261,240 yen (in Japanese currency) to the Central Educational Association of Koreans in Japan.

This large sum of educational aid fund and stipends sent again this time for the democratic, national education of the children of Korean compatriots in Japan are another manifestation of the love of a real father and great parental solicitude higher than the sky and deeper than the sea shown by Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader, who always takes deep care of the compatriots in Japan and their children, not forgetting them even a moment.

Thanks to the constant solicitude of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, the compatriots in Japan have received over 8,265,491,000 yen (in Japanese currency) of educational aid fund and stipends on 32 occasions in all. (KCNA)

Sentinels of KPA Shoot Down Plane of U.S. Aggressor Forces Which Intruded Deep into Air Space of Northern Half of DPRK

PYONGYANG, Aug. 18 (KCNA) — A helicopter of the U.S. imperialist aggressor forces which intruded deep into the air space of the northern half of the Republic from Kanghwa Island to the air above Keumchun at around 11 a.m. on Aug. 17 was shot down instantly by a self-defence measure of the Korean People's Army.

This provocation was another outrageous violation of the requirements of the Korean Armistice Agreement committed by the U.S. imperialist aggressors.

CLOSED SHELF

FROM MARSHAL KIM IL SUNG'S REVOLUTIONARY ACTIVITIES DURING ANTI-JAPANESE ARMED STRUGGLE

Saving the Revolution from Crisis

Marshal Kim Il Sung, Commander of the Korean People's Revolutionary Army

Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of revolution and brilliant military strategist, set up the revolutionary base with originality in the early 1930's and, with it as the stronghold, organized and conducted active armed operations.

On the basis of the achievements attained in this course, Comrade Kim Il Sung, with a view to further strengthening and developing the Anti-Japanese Guerilla Army, reorganized it into the Korean People's Revolutionary Army in March 1934.

He also sent the fine Communists whom he educated and reared in person to different parts to lead the general revolutionary movement of the Korean people to a great upsurge.

Scared by this, the Japanese imperialists, while stepping up large-scale military offensives, formed the counter-revolutionary spy organization called "Minsaengdan" and smuggled its members into the revolutionary ranks to undermine them from within.

Hence the struggle against the counter-revolutionary elements who found their way into the revolutionary ranks, that is, the anti-"Minsaengdan" struggle.

In those days, however, the great-power chauvinists, flunkeyists and factionalists, dancing to the tune of Japanese imperialists in their cunning trick, conducted the anti-"Minsaengdan" struggle in an ultra-"leftist" way with a sinister aim of offsetting the internal forces of the Korean revolution and seizing the "hegemony" within the communist ranks.

From the first days of the anti-"Minsaengdan" struggle Comrade Kim Il Sung stressed the necessity of carrying on the struggle correctly and organized and unfolded a fight to correct "leftist" errors in this struggle.

But the great-power chauvinists and their followers conducted the struggle in a more ultra-"leftist" manner when Comrade Kim Il Sung, leading a unit of the Korean People's Revolutionary Army, went on the first expedition to north Manchuria.

They branded Korean Communists active in east Manchuria as "members of the Minsaengdan" and arrested and murdered them wantonly, and tried frantically to remove the Korean cadres from leading posts.

As a result, the ranks of the Korean Communists suffered tremendous loss and the Korean revolution faced a great crisis. Accordingly, to smash the great-power chauvinists' machinations came out as a serious matter deciding the future of the Korean revolution.

In those days Koreans were accused of being "members of the Minsaengdan" and killed if they only uttered the words "Korean revolution." So it was hardly imaginable to launch a principled struggle against their machinations.

This grave situation could be settled and the Korean revolution saved from crisis only by Comrade Kim Il Sung who explored the path of the Korean revolution and led the revolution to victory grasping the nettle and who always judged all things intelligently and fought against the unprincipled without the slightest compromise.

Comrade Kim Il Sung became very weak from the chills he caught on his way from the first expedition to north Manchuria. But, he, not caring about himself, called the Tahuangwei Conference (between the end of February and the beginning of March, 1935) and the Yaoyingkou Conference (late March, 1935) to settle the grave situation confronting the Korean revolution.

At the Tahuangwei Conference, Comrade Kim Il Sung first refuted the wrong view on the birth of the "Minsaengdan."

He refuted the erroneous assertion of the great-power chauvinists who said that the "Minsaengdan" was produced by the Koreans and made it clear that the "Minsaengdan" was a product of the desperate plot of the Japanese imperialists and their stooges to disrupt our revolutionary organization from within and suppress the revolutionary movement.

Repudiating the absurd argument of the great-power chauvinists who tried to brand 80 to 90 per cent of the Korean Communists as "members of the Minsaengdan," Comrade Kim Il Sung said with regard to its absurdity:

"...You say 80 to 90 per cent of the Korean Communists active in east Manchuria are 'members of the Minsaengdan.' What for do you think, then, they underwent all hardship for three to four years in the guerilla bases with no roofs over their heads and nothing to wear and eat in severe winter? Even a mere child knows it, isn't it?

"If 80 to 90 per cent of them, as you allege, are 'members of the Minsaengdan,' how can we hold a meeting here? Even if not 80 to 90 per cent but 8 to 9 per cent, one-tenth of the army engaged in defence around Tahuangwei were 'members of the Minsaengdan, we would not be able to hold a meeting here, nor could we have a rest with peace of mind.

"We know many comrades who were killed on a charge of being 'members of the Minsaengdan' had a lofty spirit not to surrender to the enemy even when they were killed on the suspicion of being 'members of the Minsaengdan.'

"I suppose you, too, saw with your own eyes many comrades shouting 'Long live the Communist Party!' 'Long live the independence of Korea!' and 'Long live the victory of the revolution of the Korean and Chinese peoples!' even when they were killed on a charge of being 'members of the Minsaengdan.' Can you say, nevertheless, that they are 'members of the Minsaengdan'?"

Comrade Kim Il Sung fully laid bare the national egoistic nature of the great-power chauvinists who tried to deny the national revolutionary duty, opposing the national duty of the Korean Communists to their international duty. He also expounded in perfect logical terms that it was the inviolable legitimate right and proud international assignment for the Korean Communists and people to establish *Juche*, carry out the revolution of their country with a sense of responsibility and fight for national liberation.

Fully exposing the nationalist view on the personnel matter on the Marxist-Leninist principle, Comrade Kim Il Sung said that the cadres should be firm in their class stand, arm themselves with Marxism-Leninism and be boundlessly faithful to the revolution and possess the indomitable revolutionary fighting spirit and fortitude and have the ability of organizing, mobilizing and educating the masses of the people.

At the Conference Comrade Kim Il Sung fully exposed and sharply criticized the acts committed by the great-power chauvinists and their followers under the cloak of the anti-"Minsaengdan"struggle, reclarified the stand of *Juche* in the Korean revolution, and set forth the programmatic tasks of achieving the unity and cohesion of the revolutionary ranks.

The words of Comrade Kim Il Sung said at the Tahuangwei Conference instantly spread extensively. The Korean Communists and people came to revere more deeply Comrade Kim Il Sung who saved the Korean revolution from crisis at the risk of his life, entrust their destiny entirely to him and rally closely around him.

After the Conference, Comrade Kim Il Sung, while unfolding a persistent powerful struggle against the great-power chauvinists and their followers, made every effort to liquidate the after-effects of the erroneous anti-"Minsaengdan" struggle conducted by them and restore the unity and cohesion of the revolutionary ranks.

As a result, the machinations of the great-power chauvinists and their followers were smashed and the Korean revolution was delivered from the great crisis.

At the Yaoyingkou Conference Comrade Kim Il Sung, on the basis of his scientific analysis of the then changed military and political situation, put forth a new, active military strategic line of dissolving the guerilla bases and shifting the Korean People's Revolutionary Army to active offensives.

Comrade Kim Il Sung said at the Yaoyingkou Conference:

"The task confronting us today does not allow us to confine ourselves only to the defence of limited guerilla base areas. Our task requires us to unfold a larger-scale guerilla warfare by advancing to wider areas of northeast China as well as Korea. By so doing can we, needless to say, receive the greater support and encouragement from the broad masses of the Korean and Chinese peoples. And, relying on them, can we inflict irretrievable, successive heavy blows upon the enemy everywhere and further expand and strengthen our armed forces into invincible ones."

Upset by the rapid growth and strengthening of the revolutionary forces, the enemy massed a large armed force and attacked the guerilla bases, combining "encircling-attacking operations" with "scorched earth" tactics. The enemy troops were stationed for months on end near the guerilla bases for the offensive operations.

But at that time the Korean People's Revolutionary Army had grown and strengthened as an invincible revolutionary forces capable of defeating the enemy firmly taking the initiative in any operations, under the brilliant leadership of Comrade Kim Il Sung.

It, therefore, was important for the guerillas not to confine themselves to the defence of the guerilla bases alone but to move into wider areas and strike the enemy everywhere firmly taking the initiative, and to exert revolutionary influence upon the broad masses of the people and sow the seed of revolution.

The Yaoyingkou Conference adopted Comrade Kim Il Sung's new-active line of dissolving the guerilla bases and moving into wider areas and conducting operations there.

After the Yaoyingkou Conference Comrade Kim Il Sung marched the units of the Korean People's Revolutionary Army into various areas and dispatched fine political workers to different parts.

He, leading the main force of the Korean People's Revolutionary Army, went on the second expedition to north Manchuria to sow the seed of revolution over wide areas of north

(Continued on page 3)

Basic Line of Workers' Party of Korea on Socialist Economic Construction

THE basic line of economic construction on giving priority to the growth of heavy industry with simultaneous development of light industry and agriculture put forth for the first time by respected and beloved Leader Marshal Kim Il Sung, the founder of outstanding revolutionary theories, is a Marxist-Leninist line on economic construction defining the general direction of socialist economic construction and the guiding compass which should be steadfastly maintained in socialist construction.

On the revolutionary essence of the basic line of socialist economic construction, Marshal Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, taught as follows:

"The basic line of economic construction set forth by our Party is the solely correct line based on the correct calculation of the lawful requirements of economic development and actual possibilities in our country, a creative line based on the application of the Marxist-Leninist theory on extended reproduction in the specific realities of our country and a revolutionary line which reflects the steadfast stand of the Party for speedily building up an independent national economy in the revolutionary spirit of self-reliance."

The basic line of socialist economic construction put forth by Marshal Kim Il Sung is the solely just line based on the correct calculation of the lawful requirements of economic development and actual possibilities in Korea.

He taught as follows:

"In postwar economic construction we must follow the line of giving priority to the rehabilitation and development of heavy industry, with simultaneous development of light industry and agriculture. This alone will enable us to consolidate the economic foundations of our country and improve the people's living conditions in a short period of time."

In the postwar period the country was confronted with the urgent and difficult tasks for rapidly rehabilitating the devastated national economy and accelerating socialist economic construction, while stabilizing and enhancing the deteriorated livelihood of the people in a short span of time. The conditions at that time were very difficult in Korea which had inherited a backward economy and where everything had been destroyed in the three-year war at the time.

Therefore, it was hard to decide where to begin.

Marshal Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, gave a perfect and comprehensive answer to this question by initiating the basic line of economic construction on giving priority to the growth of heavy industry with simultaneous development of light industry and agriculture, on the basis of a scientific penetration into the historical conditions of the social and economic development of the country and the lawful requirements of the building of socialism and communism.

The basic line of socialist economic construction advanced by Marshal Kim Il Sung was the wisest line which made it possible to correctly decide the direction and order of rehabilitation and construction under the then conditions and grasp the main link and concentrate efforts on it. It is a revolutionary line which should be consistently maintained in the whole course of the building of socialism and communism.

The economic conditions following the war and the prospective tasks of the building of socialism and communism raised the demand for developing all the domains—heavy industry, light industry and agriculture.

Marshal Kim Il Sung said:

"Regarding heavy industry as the main link in the successful solution of all problems of postwar rehabilitation and construction, our Party put forward the line of ensuring priority for the growth of heavy industry with simultaneous development of light industry and agriculture."

The basic line of economic construction of the Workers' Party of Korea on ensuring priority for the growth of heavy industry with simultaneous development of light industry and agriculture is an original path which no country has ever tried and new historic experiences in economic construction have been accumulated through it.

Marshal Kim Il Sung said:

"No history of other countries tell an instance of developing light industry while rehabilitating heavy industry under the condition in which the national economy was severely destroyed in a war. When we see the history of industrial development of other countries, many of them, to begin with, developed heavy industry for a certain period and then developed light industry, and the capitalist countries built heavy industry after making profits through the preferential development of light industry."

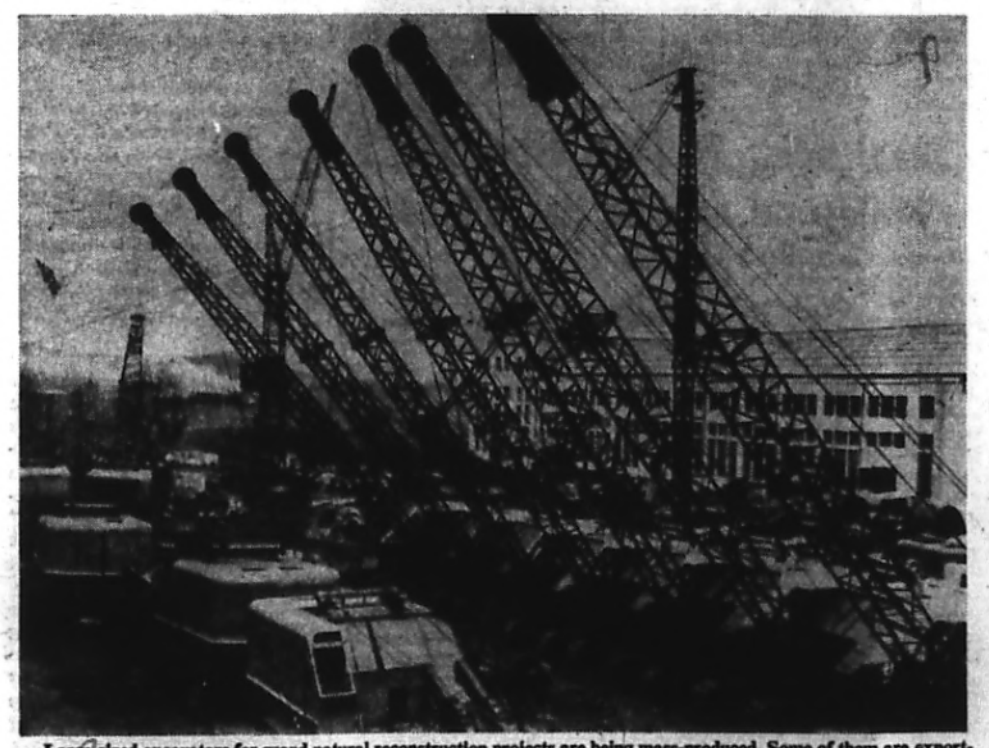
He not only scientifically estimated the situation of the country and the lawful demands of the building of socialism and communism in putting forth the basic line of economic construction of the Party, but also concretely calculated the moral and material factors for pushing through this line.

In solving the arduous and vast tasks Marshal Kim Il Sung depended, above all, upon the unbending revolutionary spirit and inexhaustible creative force of the Korean people firmly united with one thought and one will around the Party and the Leader, and proceeded from the viewpoint that it is the key to the solution of all the problems to preferentially rehabilitate and develop the domain of heavy industry which, though severely destroyed in the war, had had a certain foundation.

The Korean people who were armed with the great revolutionary ideas of Marshal Kim Il Sung and had inherited the glorious revolutionary traditions of the anti-Japanese armed struggle and were convinced of the correctness of the Party policy through their practical experiences of life, were burning with the revolutionary zeal to march along the road indicated by the Leader to the end, going through fire and water.

We had a certain foundation of heavy industry though it had been terribly destroyed in the war. Particularly, the machine-building industry for which Marshal Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader of the Korean people, laid the foundation, foreseeing postwar socialist construction even in the difficult circumstances of war, was precious for powerfully pushing ahead with the basic line of postwar economic construction.

And the Korean people could successfully carry through the basic line of economic construction, if they solidly built up independent raw material, fuel and power bases by successfully developing and properly using the underground resources of wide variety we had.



Large-sized excavators for grand natural reconstruction projects are being mass-produced. Some of them are exported.

THE basic line of socialist economic construction formulated by Marshal Kim Il Sung is an original line of economic construction in which the Marxist-Leninist theory of expanded reproduction has been newly developed and enriched.

Marshal Kim Il Sung said:

"Socialist society has unlimited potentialities to incessantly develop the economy at such a high rate as is inconceivable in capitalist society, and the further socialist construction advances and the stronger the economic basis grows, the greater become these potentialities."

The basic line of socialist economic construction put forth by him embodies in itself the law of the development of socialist economy which advances incessantly at high tempo, and it is a line for realizing it most successfully.

The basic line of economic construction makes it possible to firmly ensure the uninterrupted high rate of development of the socialist economy by correctly elucidating fundamental problems arising in setting equilibriums—co-relation between speed and equilibrium, possibilities of maintaining equilibrium while keeping an incessant high rate of development of socialist economy and the ways for its achievement and equilibrium between accumulation and consumption.

Marshal Kim Il Sung said:

"A high rate of economic growth is the rule in socialist society, and the planned and proportionate development of the national economy is a prerequisite for it. If the principles of planning and balancing are violated in economic development, it will bring about the waste of a tremendous amount of materials, funds and labour, and it will eventually retard general economic development, although certain branches may temporarily enjoy a high rate of development."

The Party's basic line of economic construction enables the Korean people, first of all, to set active equilibrium to achieve incessant high speed in socialist expanded reproduction.

And the basic line of socialist economic construction ensures a high rate in socialist enlarged reproduction by correctly defining the direction of the development of heavy industry and its contents.

Marshal Kim Il Sung said:

"Our Party's line in regard to the building of heavy industry was to create our own base of heavy industry which is equipped with new techniques, which relies mainly on domestic natural resources and the sources of raw materials for its development and can meet the demands of our national economy for materials, raw materials, fuel, power, machinery and equipment mainly with home products. This is the line of creating an independent and modern heavy industry."

By putting forth the basic line of socialist economic construction, Marshal Kim Il Sung gave a perfect answer to the question of the priority growth of heavy industry in correct relations among all the economic domains.

The creativeness of the idea of Marshal Kim Il Sung on the priority growth of heavy industry under socialism lies, above all, in the fact that it premises the simultaneous rapid growth of light industry and agriculture.

Marshal Kim Il Sung not only showed the road of the priority growth of heavy industry with the simultaneous development of light industry and agriculture, but also indicated the original line of the building of heavy industry on making the development of heavy industry serve the development of light industry and agriculture at maximum and thus enabled the people to firmly guarantee the priority growth of heavy industry and the simultaneous development of light industry and agriculture and to solve most correctly the problems of the mutual relations among heavy industry, light industry and agriculture and their internal links in conformity with the nature of the socialist system. (Continued on page 4)

(Continued from page 2)

Manchuria and render political and military assistance to other units of the People's Revolutionary Army there.

To make full preparations for the expedition, Comrade Kim Il Sung carried out the Laoheishan battle and the Taipingkou battle.

The expedition to north Manchuria started in the summer of 1935.

The units of the Korean People's Revolutionary Army under the superb command of Comrade Kim Il Sung fought many battles in wide areas of north Manchuria including the Shantungtun battle and the battle near Kwandi, dealing heavy blows to the enemy, and rousing the people to revolution.

In this course, their ranks further expanded and strengthened.

Comrade Kim Il Sung, leading the military and political activities of the Korean People's Revolutionary Army, looked after and educated his men with a paternal affection, and showed deep solicitude for the people.

That was why they, regarding it as their honour and pride to have Comrade Kim Il Sung as their Leader, bravely fought solely following him, overcoming all difficulties and obstacles.

Comrade Kim Il Sung thus saved the Korean revolution from crisis, taking upon himself its destiny. As a result, *Juche* was firmly established in the Korean revolution, the purity of the ranks of the anti-Japanese armed struggle upheld, and on this basis, the Korean revolutionary movement further expanded and developed as a whole with the anti-Japanese armed struggle as its centre.

(The Pyongyang Times)

(Continued from page 1)

the U.S. imperialists and fight against them, small countries will be able to win victory without fail.

Comrade Kim Il Sung who put forth such a revolutionary anti-imperialist strategy, truly is a great leader of the peoples of Asia, Africa and Latin America."

Mr. Clyde Murray, delegate from Australia, said as follows, identifying his interests with the thorough anti-imperialist, anti-U.S. stand of Marshal Kim Il Sung: "The U.S. imperialists are perpetrating the unpardonably heinous acts in various places in the world. They are not only continuously perpetrating all sorts of criminal activities in Vietnam but also obstructing efforts for national unification and trying to provoke a new war in Korea. I have strong hatred for the U.S. imperialists. The U.S. imperialists really are the most hateful enemy.

Marshal Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the Korean people, is, in fact, a great man, because he is fighting the U.S. imperialists and punctured the arrogance of the Yankee devils."

Mr. Pedro Caro, delegate from the Dominican Republic, showed boundless adoration for and full reliance on Marshal Kim Il Sung, the revolutionary Leader, saying as follows: "Premier Kim Il Sung is a great strategist who guided the anti-Japanese armed struggle. We knew well we can win only if we fight with arms in our hands like him."

(Continued from page 3)

The basic line of economic construction indicates the creative path of giving decisive priority to the production of the means of production for the means of production over the production of the means of production for consumption goods in developing heavy industry, and of bringing them close to each other.

The basic line of economic construction indicates the way of correctly settling the co-relation between accumulation and cosumption, an important question in successfully ensuring socialist expanded reproduction.

Marshal Kim Il Sung said:

"To adjust well the balance between accumulation and consumption is one of the most important questions in building socialist economy. Whoever commits an error in this question cannot carry out socialist construction well."

The main content of the original idea of Marshal Kim Il Sung on the co-relation between accumulation and consumption is to give priority to accumulation over consumption and rapidly increase accumulation and, on this basis, incessantly increase consumption. The basic line of economic construction makes it possible to ensure the rapid growth of accumulation and simultaneous increase of consumption on the basis of a swift growth of national income and set a rational balance between accumulation and consumption.

The basic line of economic construction is a creative line making it possible to correctly settle the co-relation between accumulation and consumption in the creation of national income, its use and distribution.

As Marshal Kim Il Sung said, the Party's basic line of economic construction is a revolutionary line manifesting the immovable stand of the Party for rapidly building an independent national economy in the revolutionary spirit of self-reliance.

The basic line of economic construction is a line of building an independent national economy, because this line, above all, ensures the most satisfactory realization of the contents of the building of an independent national economy.

As Marshal Kim Il Sung formulated, to build an independent national economy means that each country should form a comprehensive economic system which is developed in a many sided way, equipped with the latest techniques and can be run by its own national cadres with its own national resources, raw materials and other supplies so as to meet in full with home products the varied and ever-growing requirements of economic construction, defence upbuilding and people's livelihood for heavy and light industrial products and farm produce.

By defining the priority growth of heavy industry as the main side of the basic line, he made it possible to correctly solve the most fundamental question in building an independent national economy.

He said as follows:

"Heavy industry is the basis for the development of the national economy. Unless heavy industry is developed, light industry and agriculture cannot be developed, nor can all branches of the national economy be equipped with modern techniques. Especially, heavy industry is the material basis for the country's political and economic independence, without which we can neither talk about an independent national economy nor strengthen national defence capacities."

The basic line of the building of socialist economy makes it possible to successfully carry through the essential demand of the building of an independent national economy which has to ensure the versatility and independence of the sectional structure of economy organically linked with each other on the basis of modern technique.

The basic line of economic construction defines the priority development of heavy industry with the simultaneous development of light industry and agriculture which makes it possible to ensure the independent, versatile sectional structure of economy, in which all the branches are rationally linked on the basis of firmly guaranteeing the leading role of heavy industry. In this way this line fully meets the requirement of the independent national economy construction on building a comprehensive and independent national economy.

The basic line of economic construction put forth by Marshal Kim Il Sung becomes the line of successfully ensuring the building of the independent national economy, because this line makes it possible to rapidly rear national technical cadres of its own, one of major contents of the building of an independent national economy.

In this way the Party's basic line of economic construction makes it possible to construct an independent national economy as quickly as possible by keeping a high tempo of the development of economy without intermission.

WITH thorough implementation of the basic line of the economic construction of the Party under the wise leadership of Marshal Kim Il Sung, the northern half of the country has got rid of the centuries-old economic and technical backwardness in a short span of time and turned into a socialist industrial-agricultural state with a powerful base of heavy industry and modern light industry and developed rural economy and is now being converted into a developed socialist-industrial state.

With the successful implementation of the basic line of the building of socialist economy an uninterrupted high tempo was firmly maintained in the development of economy. The industry grew at the high speed of 28.1 per cent on an average every year between 1954 and 1965.

Particularly, in 1967, the first year of the fulfilment of the resolution of the Conference of the Party on stepping up economic construction and defence upbuilding in parallel, the Korean people made a wonderful success of increasing industrial output by 17 per cent and the total harvest of grain by 16 per cent in one year, though we had to exert more efforts on defence upbuilding and suffered from an unprecedented big flood.

The socialist rural economy has also rapidly developed on the basis of a powerful material and technical foundation, and the great ideas of the **"Theses on the Socialist Agrarian Question in Our Country"** put forth by Marshal Kim Il Sung have been brilliantly realized in the countryside.

The material and cultural well-being of the Korean people has been remarkably improved thanks to the rapid growth of production and the popular policy of the Party and the Government.

The basic line of economic construction of the Workers' Party of Korea made it possible to firmly build up the independent national economy, thereby consolidating the revolutionary base of the northern half and laying a reliable material foundation for achieving the unification of the fatherland and the nation-wide victory of revolution and contributing to the world revolution.

Today the Korean people can successfully carry through the revolutionary line of the Party on stepping up economic construction and defence upbuilding in parallel in face of the undisguised manoeuvres of the U.S. imperialists for aggression and new war provocation and successfully implement all the tasks arising in the revolutionary struggle and construction work, because they have firmly laid a powerful economic foundation of their own along the road of the basic line of economic construction under the wise leadership of Marshal Kim Il Sung.

Another Plot of Pak Clique to Remain in "Power" for Long Term

Recently, the plot of the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique, the faithful running dogs of U.S. imperialism, to remain in "power" for a long term is becoming more and more undisguised as the days go by.

According to a report from Seoul, on Aug. 9 the Pak Jung Hi clique resorted to an unpardonably wicked act of "proclaiming" unilaterally the "draft bill for the revision of the constitution" without submitting it to the puppet "National Assembly."

On Aug. 14, they presented the so-called "referendum bill" to the current puppet "National Assembly" in order to fulfill their vicious aim of a "constitutional amendment to permit the "President" to continue in "office" for third term.

This "bill" with over 120 clauses is intended to prohibit the activities of various social bodies including the students' bodies and even religionists and suppress the freedoms of speech, assembly and street demonstration.

It is also aimed at prohibiting even legal activities of the people by repudiating all sorts of democratic pre-election activities. The "bill" cooked up by the traitors is a fascist bill unprecedented in the world.

The Pak Jung Hi puppet clique are openly trying to utilize this vicious "bill" to suppress the South Korean people who are opposed to the long-term "office" scheme and to maintain intact the colonial rule of the U.S. imperialists.

Their long-term "office" scheme is nothing but a fraudulent act and deceitful plot.

Besides, this clearly shows that the Pak Jung Hi clique are wicked rascals who stop at nothing to accomplish their purposes.

Their strengthened "constitutional amendment" plot, however, never shows that their traitorous machination is proceeding smoothly.

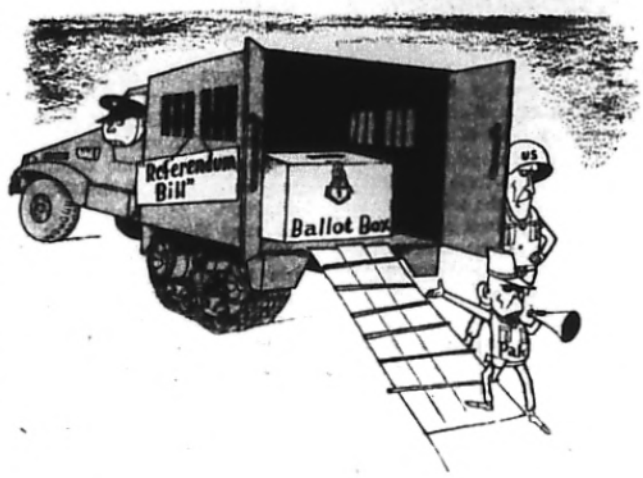
On the contrary, it is clear they are doomed day by day, confronting the powerful struggle of the South Korean people who are fighting against the evil machinations of the traitors.

Leaflets Denouncing Long-Term "Office" Scheme Scattered in Pusan

Tens of thousands of leaflets denouncing the criminal long-term "office" scheme of the traitorous Pak Jung Hi clique manipulated by the U.S. imperialists and calling for a struggle for frustrating it were scattered on Aug. 8 in Pusan, South Korea, according to a South Korean press report.

The leaflets signed by an organization named "death-defying corps against constitutional amendment for third-term election" exposed the reactionary nature of the traitorous Pak Jung Hi clique's scheme for the "constitutional amendment for third-term election" and earnestly appealed to the South Korean people of all strata to come out courageously in the mass struggle for smashing it to smithereens, declaring: the "constitutional amendment for third-term election" plotted by the traitorous Pak Jung Hi clique "is to follow Syngman Rhee's footsteps," the "constitutional amendment will only keep the nation split," "give up at once the treacherous constitutional amendment for third-term election," "public servants" who slave for scanty wages "join courageously the side of democracy."

The leaflets were scattered at around 11:30 a.m. that day in Kwangbok *dong*, Sumyun rotary and other bustling streets of the city. Passing from hands to hands among a large number of citizens and patriotic people, they further enhanced their burning fighting spirit to smash to pieces the criminal scheme of the traitorous Pak Jung Hi clique and deepened the conviction that they would certainly win victory if they rose up in the struggle pooling strength.



Here is a "polling station" for persons who oppose the "third-term election."

Vicious Oppression of Students

The Pak Jung Hi fascist bandits imposed punishment of all sorts upon 104 university and college students and 26 high school students in different parts of South Korea, counting only those made known as of Aug. 5, according to a foreign press report from Seoul.

They include many patriotic students of Seoul University, Seoul Pedagogical College, Korea University and other higher educational institutions in Seoul who, as already reported, have been illegally expelled or "indefinitely suspended from school" by the enemy on charges that they had stood in the van of demonstrations, holding aloft the banner against fascism and for democratization.

Such barbarous suppression by the enemy is being maliciously perpetrated at Kyungbook University in Taegu, Pusan University and other local universities and colleges.

The scoundrels harshly cracked down upon more than 20 students on the preposterous charges that they had "organized an illegal organization." These students include the chairman of the general students council of Kyungbook University and its other progressive students who took part in the formation of the "General Federation of Students" in Taegu for a massive struggle of broader scale.

Expanding the scope of repression these days, the puppet villains are imposing such punishment even upon high school students. On Aug. 1 the puppet gang took repressive measures against students of the Taegu High School, expelling or "suspending from school for a long period" the chairman of the students council and 14 other students of the school.

This criminal suppression by the U.S. imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi gang is evoking indignation among the broad sections of the South Korean students and people and making them renew their burning fighting spirit to knock down the rascals.

Seoul Univ. Students Issue Stat't Protesting against Pak Clique

Students of the Liberal Arts and Sciences College under Seoul University who had been illegally punished by the fascist rascals on charges of having stood in the van of the mass demonstration for smashing the traitorous Pak Jung Hi clique's long-term "office" scheme, upholding the banner of anti-fascism and democracy, voiced strong protest against the criminal acts of repression by the enemy, according to a radio report from Seoul.

Pak Yung Woon, chairman of the students council of this college, and 12 other students issued a statement on Aug. 12, strongly demanding the Pak Jung Hi fascist bandits to "withdraw" at once this unwarranted punishment.

They had risen up in the struggle to put an end to cursed military fascist rule of the enemy which only imposes upon the people ever greater misfortunes and calamities with each passing day and to restore the democratic freedom and democratic rights. Accordingly their struggle is a hundred times, a thousand times just, patriotic one and, needless to say, it can never be a pretext for their illegal punishment.

In the statement the students strongly held that they opposed the traitorous Pak Jung Hi clique's scheme of "constitutional amendment for third-term election" with the "single desire of national salvation" to save the country and people from the living hell of darkness.

After scathingly exposing the illegality of the punishment inflicted upon them, the students declared that they would stage a more massive and active struggle by all means in case their demand for the withdrawal of the punishment was not satisfied.

U.S. Imperialists, Stop New War Provocative Machinations, Take Out Lethal Weapons at Once from S. Korea!

291st MAC Meet Held

DPRK Side Bitterly Denounces U.S. Imperialists' Grave Military Provocation

KAESONG, Aug. 14 (KCNA)—The 291st Meeting of the Military Armistice Commission was held today in Panmunjom.

According to the statement made by Li Choon Sun, senior member of our side, at the meeting, the U.S. imperialist aggressors running riot in preparations for the provocation of a new war in Korea again introduced into South Korea one squadron composed of 24 "F-4 Phantoms" and they brought in many helicopters of "5 H-23 G" type and three "UH-1 H" helicopters and on Jun. 7 brought in 4,000 pieces of carbines and on Jul. 23 numerous carbines and handed them over to the South Korean puppet army.

Moreover, the U.S. imperialist aggressors intend to bring into South Korea within this month scores of "Phantom F-4-D" fighter-bombers and many transporters including "EC-33," "C-46," "C-54" to hand them over to the South Korean puppet army.

With a criminal intention to ignite a new war of aggression in Korea, the U.S. imperialist aggressors have systematically perpetrated espionage acts to spy out our State and military secrets and particularly committed the hostile acts of intruding their armed spy ship "Pueblo" into the territorial waters of our country and their spy plane "EC-121" into the territorial air of our country.

According to what was exposed and denounced by Maj. Gen. Li Choon Sun, the U.S. imperialist aggressors had ceaselessly conducted espionage on the ground. They infiltrated a large number of armed spies into the area of our side on 27 occasions between Apr. 18 and Aug. 11. But the armed spies were captured alive or killed by sentinels of our People's Army before having time to carry out their espionage duty.

Maj. Gen. Li Choon Sun denounced the espionage and subversive activities of the U.S. imperialist aggressors, showing to the enemy various espionage apparatuses and mortal weapons captured from the armed spies.

At around 10 hours Aug. 10, the U.S. imperialist aggressors laid scores of armed bandits in an attacking position on the Kachil-*ri* line south of Marker No. 0567 of the MDL, the central sector of the front, and then started an armed attack on the post of our side on the Hakdang-*ri* line under a covering fire of hundreds of machinegun bullets from the enemy post on Height 376 at around 10 hours 10 minutes.

The U.S. imperialist aggressors supported the attack of the armed bandits with a firing of 57 mm recoilless guns at the post of our side from their post on Height 376 and a firing of over 60 shells at the post of our side near Hakdang-*ri* from their tanks and 106.7 mm mortars which had been kept in waiting on the Kangchung-*ri* and Bongsang-*ri* lines south of the Demilitarized Zone.

But the armed bandits took to their hells in great haste, under a heavy retaliatory blow from sentinels of our People's Army.

Even after that the U.S. imperialist aggressors again fired scores of shells at the post of our side and sent hundreds of machinegun bullets.

Maj. Gen. Li Choon Sun sharply denounced the reckless shelling by the enemy, producing before the enemy an unexploded shell of 105 mm howitzer and splinters of 106.7 mm mortar shells and 57 mm recoilless gun shells fired by the U.S. imperialist aggressors toward our side.

Quite tongue-tide when our side sternly called them to account and questioned them about their criminal acts at the 219th Meeting of the Military Armistice Commission, the U.S. imperialist aggressors committed the impudent act of unilaterally breaking up the meeting, by walking out of it. After that they persistently perpetrated reckless military provocations to kindle the flame of an aggressive war in flagrant violation of the armistice agreement.

According to the statement of Maj. Gen. Li Choon Sun, the U.S. imperialist aggressors fired a total of more than 76,510 shells and bullets from the 106.7 mm mortars and various other heavy and automatic weapons illegally introduced into the Demilitarized Zone toward the area of our side and the area along the MDL on 470 occasions in the period from Apr. 17 to Aug. 13.

And the U.S. imperialist aggressors, while converting the Demilitarized Zone into a combat position, brought there again 10 armoured cars and over 30 57 mm recoilless guns and large quantities of other heavy and automatic weapons and a large number of armed bandits between Apr. 18 and Aug. 13 and committed the criminal act of illegally infiltrating five military planes into the air above the Demilitarized Zone on four occasions between Apr. 19 and Jul. 1.

All these facts, Maj. Gen. Li Choon Sun stressed, clearly show that the U.S. imperialist aggressors are the criminals who are openly sabotaging and violating the armistice agreement, the war maniacs hell bent on the provocation of a new war and the prime mover in increasing tension in Korea.

Maj. Gen. Li Choon Sun strongly demanded the enemy side immediately stop the provocative war exercises in South Korea and take out of Korea all the new-type weapons and combat equipment which had been brought into South Korea, and report the result to the Military Armistice Commission and the Neutral Nations Supervisory Commission and give assurances that it would never commit again such criminal acts.

DPRK Senior Member of MAC Sends Letter to NNSC

KAESONG, Aug. 12 (KCNA)—Major General Li Choon Sun, senior member of our side to the Military Armistice Commission, sent a letter on Aug. 12 to the Neutral Nations Supervisory Commission in connection with the fact that the U.S. imperialist aggressors are hell bent on new war provocation, ceaselessly introducing new type weapons and combat equipment into South Korea on a large scale of late in flagrant violation of the armistice agreement.

Noting that the United Nations Command side has kept on introducing into South Korea arms and equipment despite the discussions which were held in connection with the illegal arms reinforcement by the UNC side at the 945th meeting of the NNSC and at the many subsequent meetings since the beginning of this year alone and in disregard of the strong protest lodged by our side at the Military Armistice Commission meetings, the letter wrote:

On Apr. 29, the UNC side illegally brought into South Korea one squadron composed of 24 "F-4 Phantoms" to reinforce the airforce of the U.S. imperialist aggression army occupying South Korea (AP news dispatch from Washington, Apr. 29 and 30, 1969) and, on May 29, many helicopters of "5 H-23 G" type and turned them over to the South Korean puppet army (South Korean news agency "Dongyang" dispatch from Seoul, May 29, 1969). On Jul. 22, too, 3 "UH-1 H" helicopters were introduced into South Korea from the U.S. and transferred to the South Korean puppet army ("Stars and Stripes" dated Jul. 28, 1969).

In addition, on Jun. 7, 4,000 pieces of carbines were shipped into and delivered to the South Korean puppets in order to arm the South Korean puppet reserve force (South Korean news agency "Dongyang" dispatch from Seoul, Jun. 7, 1969) and on Jul. 23, numerous carbines were introduced from the U.S. and turned over to the South Korean puppets ("Stars and Stripes" dated Jul. 25, 1969).

Besides, the U.S. imperialist aggressors made it public that in August they would introduce into South Korea from the U.S. scores of "Phantom F-4-D" fighter bombers ("Dongyang" dispatch from Washington, Jul. 26, 1969) and introduce a number of transporters including "EC-33," "C-46," "C-54" and transfer them to the South Korean puppets (South Korean news agency "Hapdong" dispatch from Seoul, Jul. 16, 1969) in order to reinforce the air force of the South Korean puppet army.

The U.S. imperialist aggressors, the letter said, repeatedly held military secret talks by sending their war servants to South Korea and calling South Korean puppets to "Washington, scheming to introduce into South Korea a greater quantity of new combat equipment of various kinds including Phantom jet planes, destroyers and "M-48" new type tanks for the purpose of the socalled "modernization" of the South Korean puppet army.

The letter pointed out:

Such arms reinforcement being committed by the U.S. imperialist aggressors constitutes the flagrant violation of the preamble of the armistice agreement aimed at ensuring a complete cessation of hostilities and all acts of armed force in Korea and sub-paragraph 13-D of the armistice agreement strictly prohibiting the introduction of any reinforcing combat equipment in Korea, and are criminal act of gravely jeopardizing peace in the Far East and the world.

Our side, the letter noted, strongly protests and denounces the arms reinforcement and war provocation monoeuvres of U.S. imperialism to further worsen the tension in our country and to ignite a new war of aggression against the Democratic People's Republic of Korea in flagrant violation of the armistice agreement.

In order to preserve the Korean armistice and ensure peace in Korea and in the Far East, these criminal arms reinforcement and new war provocation machination of the U.S. imperialist aggressors must be stopped forthwith and all the mortal weapons illegally introduced by the U.S. imperialist aggressors be shipped out of Korea, the letter said.

In conclusion the letter noted: Our side hopes that the Neutral Nations Supervisory Commission with a mission of supervising the implementation of the Korean armistice agreement will discuss the serious violation of the armistice agreement on the part of the UNC side which has again recently introduced into South Korea illegally new type combat equipment including "F-4 Phantom" planes and military helicopters, take necessary measures and inform us of the result.

Korean Citizens Here Mark 24th August 15 Liberation Day

A scene of the central meeting of Korean citizens in Japan held to celebrate the 24th anniversary of the August 15 Liberation Day

The grand central meeting of Korean citizens in Japan to celebrate the 24th anniversary of the August 15 Liberation Day was held at 11 a.m., August 15, at the Hibiya Public Hall in Tokyo, Japan.

At 11 a.m. sharp, the meeting opened amid stormy cheers of more than 4,000 participants under the Tokyo Metropolitan headquarters of CHONGRYUN (the General Association of Korean Residents in Japan).

A portrait of Marshal Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader of the 40 million Korean people, who always leads the entire Korean people to glory and victory and extends all sorts of warm care to Korean residents here, stood solemnly against the background decorated with the big national flag of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea.

Present on the platform were Chairman Han Duk Su of the Central Standing Committee of CHONGRYUN, vice-Chairmen and members of the same, President of Korean University and responsible functionaries of the organizations and business enterprises affiliated with it.

Chairman Han Duk Su delivered a report amid stormy cheers and applause of the attendants.

Referring to the happiness of the 600,000 Koreans here who saw the Liberation Day come round again, together with the Korean people at home, he extended the highest honour and warmest thanks to Marshal Kim Il Sung who restored the fatherland, brought freedom and independence to the entire Korean people and opened the way to their lasting prosperity and happiness.

Chairman Han Duk Su emphasized all CHONGRYUN workers and Korean citizens here should arm themselves rock-firm with the revolutionary ideology of Marshal Kim Il Sung and consolidate the CHONGRYUN organizations firmly, politically and ideologically.

All the attendants were determined to accomplish the unification of Korea at the earliest date.

Similar meetings were held on the same day in all parts of this country where Korean people live.

Japan Gov't Should Guarantee Repatriation Work for Koreans Here at Once!

Today Korean citizens in Japan mark the 10th anniversary of the signing of the agreement on the repatriation of Korean citizens here between the Red Cross Societies of Korea and Japan.

The desire of Korean citizens here to return to the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, their glorious fatherland, has been curbed already for two years owing to the nefarious obstruction by the Japanese Government side.

More than 88,000 Koreans here already embraced in the warm bosom of Marshal Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, after the start of the repatriation work, are living a happy life, working and studying to their hearts' content according to their wishes and talent, under the paternal solicitude and care of Marshal Kim Il Sung.

For the Koreans here to return to their homeland is their national right which no one is allowed to encroach upon.

Moreover, they did not come to Japan on their own accord, but were taken here by force as victims of the Japanese imperialist occupation of Korea and policy of aggression and have barely survived the sufferings, and many of the Koreans here are their sons and daughters.

The Japanese Government is under legal and moral obligation to ensure repatriation for Korean citizens here. There should be no ground whatever for blocking the repatriation work.

Therefore, Koreans in Japan gathered on August 9 in Tokyo to hold the central meeting of Korean citizens in Japan to mark the 10th anniversary of the signing of the agreement on the repatriation of Koreans here and to demand the resumption of the repatriation work at once.

Present at the meeting were more than 2,500 applicants for repatriation and other Koreans in the Kanto areas including Tokyo.

Vice-Chairman Li Kye Baik of the Central Standing Committee of CHONGRYUN (the General Association of Korean Residents in Japan) delivered a speech at the meeting.

Referring to the miserable life of the applicants, he scathingly condemned the unjust measures of the Japanese Government, and strongly demanded the Japanese Government authorities take reasonable measures to resume the repatriation work at once.

Meantime, the Korean applicants and compatriots in Japan visit the Japanese authorities concerned to demand the prompt resumption of the repatriation work.

It is ten years now since the "Agreement on the Repatriation of the Korean citizens in Japan" between the Korean and Japanese Red Cross Societies was signed on Aug. 13, 1959, in Calcutta, India.

In according to the agreement, on December 14, 1959, the first historic repatriation boat left Niigata Port, Japan, for their fatherland, the DPRK. During eight years from then to December, 1967, the repatriation boats shuttled 155 times, carrying a total of 88,611 Korean residents from Japan to the bosom of their beloved fatherland.

Marshal Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, extended all his compatriotic solicitude to the returnees from Japan so that they could lead a new, happy life without any anxiety.

In the past, Koreans in Japan suffered from all kinds of maltreatment and humiliation in a foreign country as homeless people. Even now they are subjected to all sorts of national discrimination and persecution. But since the day when they returned home, they have been freed from all the humiliation and sufferings forever and come to take pride in their really happy life there.

The ten years that have passed since the agreement on the repatriation service was signed, have been a history of ceaseless struggles of Koreans in Japan against the enemies who have tried to completely sabotage the repatriation operation by all means.

The machinations of the Japanese authorities to wreck the repatriation service have been stepped up ever more since the criminal "ROK-Japan Treaty" was concluded in 1965.

By destroying the repatriation work for Koreans here, the Japanese Government authorities are serving the aggression and war policy of the U.S. imperialists more faithfully, strengthening the political, economic and military ties with the South Korean Pak Jung Hi puppet clique. They are trying to carry out the reinvasion of South Korea more skillfully.

With evil political design in view, the Japanese authorities disrupted at last the Moscow and Colombo agreements between the Korean and Japanese Red Cross Societies to "reasonably settle" the question of the repatriation of Koreans.

The Japanese authorities, who attended the talks to deceive public opinion without any intention to continue the repatriation work from the first, refused to the end to accept the just and reasonable proposals of the Red Cross Society of the DPRK.

Moreover, the Japanese side unreasonably insisted that they would deal with only 17,000-odd Koreans in Japan who had already taken procedures for repatriation under the name of the so-called "disposal of unsettled affaires due to abandonment of the agreement," and, that they would not continue the repatriation service after that.

The Japanese authorities wrecked the Colombo talks in January 24, 1968.

Owing to these unreasonable measures taken by the Japanese authorities, the repatriation service which had been smoothly carried on for eight years, was suspended in 1967.

The unilateral suspension of the repatriation service by the Japanese authorities has brought immeasurable sufferings to Koreans here desirous of returning to their fatherland.

Many Korean residents here who have already completed procedures for repatriation and are waiting impatiently for the day of departure, are in great difficulties most of them have no houses to live in and are jobless.

The Red Cross Society of the DPRK demanded in its reply telegram dated Mar. 10 this year sent to the Japan Red Cross Society and in its statement dated Apr. 3, that the Japanese side withdraw its destructive proposals, hold talks again with the Red Cross Society of the DPRK and immediately resume the repatriation work.

However, the Japanese authorities has not yet made a sincere reply.

In view of international law, the principle of humanitarianism and in the light of the historical situation of Koreans in Japan and the spirit of the repatriation agreement, the Japanese authorities are under legal and moral obligation to ensure repatriation all the Koreans here who want to return home.

The Japanese authorities can never evade their obligation.

The Japanese Government must receive at once the just proposals of the Red Cross Society of the DPRK, stop its unreasonable oppression of Koreans in Japan and guarantee for them all their democratic, national rights including their right to repatriation.

Almost daily Korean citizens in Japan strongly demand the Japanese authorities concerned resume the repatriation work at once. (August 19, Tokyo)

Chairman Han Duk Su Sends Letters of Thanks to Japanese as Fascist "Immigration Control Bill" Is Scrapped

Chairman Han Duk Su of the Central Standing Committee of CHONGRYUN (the General Association of Korean Residents in Japan), sent on August 8 letters of thanks to personages of all circles and political parties and public organizations of Japan expressing them thanks for the active support they had extended to Korean citizens in Japan in the just struggle for smashing the "Immigration and Emigration Control Bill" and "Partial Amendment Bill of School Education Law," the fascist evil laws in connection with the withdrawal at Japanese Diet of these bills which the Government of Japan had tried to enact.

In the letters, Chairman Han Duk Su, in the name of the 600,000 Korean citizens in Japan, expressed thanks to the personages of all circles and political parties and public organizations of Japan who had extended active support to their struggle for a long time.

The letters stressed:

The friendship between the peoples of Korea and Japan has become deeper through the struggle against the national discrimination and persecution policy of the Japanese Government authorities against Korean citizens in Japan. It is a legitimate right of overseas citizens of a sovereign state for us Korean citizens in Japan to struggle for the independent unification of the fatherland and defence of the democratic, national rights.

Nevertheless, the Japanese Government is all the more intensifying the suppressive policy, depriving Korean citizens in Japan, the foreigners, of all the legitimate democratic, national rights, in disregard of international usage.

Taking the recent struggle as an occasion, we will strengthen friendship between the Korean and Japanese peoples and international solidarity and at the same time strive to the end to defend their democratic, national rights in the future.

In conclusion Chairman Han Duk Su expressed the conviction that the personages of all circles and political parties and public organizations of Japan would continue to extend active support to Korean citizens in Japan in the struggle for accelerating the independent unification of the fatherland and defending all their democratic, national rights including the human rights and rights to national education and repatriation.

Fascist "Immigration Control Bill" Scrapped By Japanese Diet

The "Immigration and Emigration Control Bill," a fascist evil bill, which the Japanese Government had tried hard to bring into force in defiance of the strong opposition of the peoples of Korea and Japan, was withdrawn on August 5 at Japanese Diet.

A number of other evil bills such as the "Partial Amendment Bill of the School Education Law" for fabricating the "Foreigners' School Law" and the "Amendment Bill of the Passport Law" also fell through with the "Immigration and Emigration Control Bill."

This is another great victory the Korean citizens here, boundlessly inspired by the warm support and encouragement of the people in the homeland, won in their sacred struggle for defending their citizenship of the DPRK and all other democratic, national rights, repulsing all sorts of the illegal machinations of the Japanese Government.

Chairman Li Kye Baik of the Committee of Struggle for Defence of Human Rights of Koreans in Japan, made public a statement on August 6 in connection with the withdrawal of the fascist "Immigration and Emigration Control Bill" and the "Partial Amendment Bill of the School Education Law" which the Japanese Government had tried hard to run through an ordinary Diet session.

He stressed: This is a big success scored through a vigorous struggle of the Korean citizens in Japan and thanks to the broad public opinion within and outside Japan supporting it.

The Japanese Government, while zealously partaking in the new war provocation manoeuvres of the U.S. imperialists, is stepping up propaganda against the DPRK and CHONGRYUN (the General Association of Korean Residents in Japan), further intensifying the subversive activities against the CHONGRYUN organizations by faking up fascist evil laws and hastening the fascistization of Japan.

Saying that the machinations of the Japanese Government to enact the evil laws had run up against strong denunciation not only of the Korean people but broad sections of the Japanese people and honest-minded peoples of the world, he emphasized:

The withdrawal of the evil laws once again glaringly shows how illegal the Japanese Government policies of national discrimination and persecution against the Korean citizens in Japan are.

We strongly demand the Japanese Government should immediately discontinue its unwarranted suppression of the Korean citizens in Japan and not scheme again to trump up such evil bills as the "Immigration and Emigration Control Bill" and "Foreigners' School Bill."

Meanwhile, the Japan Communist Party, the Japan Socialist Party, the Democratic Socialist Party, Sohyo (the General Council of the Trade Unions of Japan) and the Japan-Korea Association respectively issued statements on August 6 in connection with the withdrawal at Japanese Diet of the "Immigration and Emigration Control Bill," a fascist evil bill aimed at suppressing more harshly Korean citizens in Japan.

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